

Laughton Junior & Infant School

Learning together, achieving together



Music Skills Progression

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
National Curriculum			Dorfo	rming				
	Performing							
K51	To use their voices to speak/sing/chant.	To sing and follow the melody (tune).	To sing in tune with expression.	To perform a simple part rhythmically.	To breath in the correct place when singing.	To sing a harmony part confidently and accurately.		
Pupils should be taught to:	To join in with singing.	To sing accurately at a given pitch.	To control their voice when	To sing songs from	To sing and use their	To perform parts from		
Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	To use instruments to perform.	To perform simple patterns	singing. To play clear notes on	memory with accurate pitch.	understanding of meaning to add expression.	memory. To perform using		
Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.	To look at their audience when they are performing.	and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse.	instruments	To improvise using repeated patterns.	To maintain their part whilst others are	notations.		
Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.	To clap short rhythmic	To perform with others. To play simple rhythmic			performing their part.	To take the lead in a performance.		
Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds	patterns.	patterns on an instrument.			To perform 'by ear' and from simple notations.	To take on a solo part.		
using the inter-related dimensions of music.	To copy sounds	To sing/ clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo.			To improvise within a group using melodic and rhythmic phrases.	To provide rhythmic support.		
					To recognise and use basic structural forms e.g. rounds, variations, rondo form.			
		Con	nposing					
KS2 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically	To make different sounds with their voice.	To order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end.	To use different elements in their composition.	To use notations to record and interpret sequences of pitches.	To change sounds or organise them differently to change the effect.	To be able to use a variety of different musical devices in their composition		
with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical	To make different sounds with instruments.	To create music in response to <different starting points></different 	To create repeated patterns with different instruments.	To use standard notation.	To compose music which meets specific criteria.	(including melody, rhythms and chords)		
structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.	To identify changes in sounds.	To choose sounds which create an effect.	To compose melodies and songs.	To use notations to record compositions in a small group or on their own.	To use their notations to record groups of pitches	To recognise that different forms of notation, serve different purposes.		
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments	To change the sound.	To use symbols to	To create accompaniments	To use their notation in a	(chords).	To use different forms of		
with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	To repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns.	represent sounds.	for tunes.	performance.	To use a music diary to record aspects of the	notation.		
Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.	To make a sequence of sounds.	To make connections between notations and musical sounds.	To combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling.		composition process. To choose the most appropriate tempos for a piece of music.	To be able to combine groups of beats.		

Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. Use and understand staff and other musical notations. Appreciate and understand a wide range of high- quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians. Develop an understanding of the history of music.	To show sounds by using pictures							
Appraising								
	To respond to different	To improve their own	To improve their work	To explain the place of	To describe, compare and	To be able to refine and		
	 moods in music. To say how a piece of music makes them feel. To say whether they like or dislike a piece of music. To choose sounds to represent different things. To recognise repeated patterns. To follow instructions about when to play or sing. 	work. To listen out for particular things when listening to music.	explaining how it has improved. To use musical words (the elements of music) to describe a piece of music and compositions. To use musical words to describe what they like and dislike. To recognise the work of at least one famous composer.	silence and say what effect it has. To start to identify the character of a piece of music. To describe and identify the different purposes of music. To being to identify with the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	 evaluate music using musical vocabulary. To explain why they think their music is successful or unsuccessful. To suggest improvements to their own or others' work. To choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music. To contrast the work of famous composers and show preferences. 	improve their work. To be able to evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music is created. To be able to analyse features within different pieces of music. To be able to compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time.		
		Т	opics					
	Autumn Charanga: Hey You Rhythm in the way we walk (The Banana Rap)	Autumn Charanga: Hands Feet Heart Ho ho ho	Autumn Charanga: Let your spirit fly Glockenspiel (Stage 1)	Autumn Charanga: Mamma Mia Glockenspiel (Stage 2)	Autumn Charanga: Livin' on a prayer Classroom Jazz 1	Autumn Charanga: I'll be there Classroom Jazz 2		
	Spring Charanga: In the Groove Round and Round Summer Charanga: Your imagination Reflect, Rewind, Replay	Spring Charanga: I want to play in a band Zoo time Summer Charanga: Friendship song Reflect, Rewind, Replay	Spring Charanga: Three little birds The dragon song Summer Charanga: Bringing us together Reflect, Rewind, Replay	Spring Charanga: Stop Lean on Me Summer Charanga: Blackbird Reflect, Rewind, Replay	Spring Charanga: Make you feel my love (preview) Fresh Prince of Bel Air (preview) Summer Charanga: Dancin' in the street (preview) Reflect, Rewind, Replay	Spring Charanga: Britten - A New Year Carol (preview) Happy (preview) Summer Charanga: You've got a friend (preview) Reflect, Rewind, Replay		
Home Practice								
	Supporting introductions to the different styles of music: Blues, Latin, Folk, Funk, Baroque, Bhangra, Latin American and Western cultural that link to history, geography,	Exploring more sounds: Reggae, Motown, Rock and South African music and freedom songs. Dancing to a beat and practicing pulse and tempo, walking, marching and running.	Helping research historical context. Devising simple notation to represent a musical score. Listening to a range of western classical music to attune young ears to classical musical styles.	Listening to different styles of music - from Abba 1970's and 80s, Bhangra, Tango, Latin Fusion, Gospel and Beatles and discussing how they sound different and why - what was	Sharing and discussing modern styles of music: rock, jazz, pop, hip-hop, Motown, and discussing how this is different to the classics of the early and mid20th century.	Sharing a medley of music, broadening the range explored across the school: Michael Jackson, Jazz, Latin, Blues, Gospel, Bhangra, Pop, Motown, music of Carole King and		

countries and cultures.	Keeping own song steady	happening in the world at	western classical music of
Playing clapping sounds	and in tune whilst another	the time?	the 20th century.
and developing rhythms	sings an alternative: e.g.		Understanding how history
and patterns, pace and	Three blind mice and		has shaped our music and
tempo and awareness of	London's Burning - sung		tastes have changed and
loud and soft.	simultaneously.		been influenced by war
			and migration.